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Bordisms and Topological Field Theories [MA5133]

Exercise 1. *Equivalent definitions of Frobenius algebras*

- (a) Let A be a Φ -Frobenius algebra. Show that defining

$$\kappa : A \otimes A \rightarrow \mathbb{k}$$

as $\kappa(a, b) := \Phi_b(a)$ gives A the structure of a κ -Frobenius algebra.

- (b) Conversely, let A be a κ -Frobenius algebra. Show that defining

$$\Phi : {}_A A \rightarrow (A_A)^\vee$$

as $\Phi(b)(a) := \kappa(a, b)$ gives A the structure of a Φ -Frobenius algebra.

Exercise 2. *TFT from a group algebra*

- (a) Let G be a finite, abelian group, and let $\mathbb{k}[G]$ denote the group algebra of G . Set $\mathcal{Z}(S^1) = \mathbb{k}[G]$, and let the multiplication and counit of $\mathbb{k}[G]$ be given by the linear extensions of

$$m := \mathcal{Z}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{cup} \end{array}\right) : \mathbb{k}[G] \otimes \mathbb{k}[G] \rightarrow \mathbb{k}[G]$$

$$g \otimes h \mapsto gh$$

and

$$\varepsilon := \mathcal{Z}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{cap} \end{array}\right) : \mathbb{k}[G] \rightarrow \mathbb{k}$$

$$g \mapsto \delta_{g,e}.$$

Show that this assignment defines an oriented topological field theory

$$\mathcal{Z} : \text{Bord}_{2,1}^{\text{or}} \rightarrow \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{k}}.$$

- (b) What is the corresponding Φ -Frobenius structure on $\mathbb{k}[G]$?
 (c) Compute $\Delta : \mathbb{k}[G] \rightarrow \mathbb{k}[G] \otimes \mathbb{k}[G]$. *Hint:* Use the basis of $\mathbb{k}[G]$.
 (d) Compute the value of this TFT on the genus g surface with 2 disks removed, i.e. compute $\mathcal{Z}(\Sigma_g \setminus D \sqcup D)$.

Exercise 3. *Examples of Frobenius algebras*

- (a) Show that \mathbb{C} is a Frobenius algebra over \mathbb{R} with Frobenius form induced by

$$\begin{aligned}\varepsilon : \mathbb{C} &\rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ a + bi &\mapsto a.\end{aligned}$$

Could we have chosen a different map $\mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$?

- (b) Let G be a finite group of order n . A *class function* on G is a function $G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ which is constant on each conjugacy class¹. The class functions of G form a ring $R(G)$. Show that the bilinear pairing

$$\kappa(\phi, \psi) := \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t \in G} \phi(t) \psi(t^{-1})$$

gives $R(G)$ the structure of a κ -Frobenius algebra.

- (c) Let X be a compact oriented manifold of dimension n and let $H^*(X) = \bigoplus_{i=0}^n H^i(X)$ denote the de Rham cohomology, which is a ring under the wedge product. Show that the pairing

$$\begin{aligned}\int : \quad H^*(X) \otimes H^*(X) &\rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (\alpha, \beta) &\mapsto \int_X \alpha \wedge \beta\end{aligned}$$

gives $H^*(X)$ the structure of a κ -Frobenius algebra over \mathbb{R} .

- (d) Look up additional examples of Frobenius algebras.

¹Characters, i.e. traces of representations, are examples of class functions.