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Bordisms and Topological Field Theories [MA5133]

Note: Remarks in parentheses at the beginning of an exercise refer to necessary prerequisites.

Exercise 1. *Abelian structure of the cobordism group*

Show that the disjoint union induces an abelian group structure on the cobordism group Ω_n .

Exercise 2. *Orientable Manifolds*

- (a) Show that the circle S^1 is an orientable manifold.
- (b) Show that the sphere S^2 is an orientable manifold.
- (c) Show that the total space of the tangent bundle of a smooth n -manifold is an orientable manifold.

Exercise 3. *Computation of Ω_0^{or}*

Compute the oriented bordism group Ω_0^{or} .

Exercise 4. *Computation of Ω_2^{or}*

- (a) Work through the argument in detail showing that Σ_g is cobordant to the empty set.
- (b) Recall that the disjoint union is cobordant to the connected sum. Work through the details for an example that is different from what was shown in the lecture.
- (c) Conclude that $\Omega_2^{or} = 0$. (Here you may omit details about orientations of the 3-dimensional cobordisms.)

Exercise 5. *Computation of Ω_2^{unor} :*

- (a) Show that the Klein bottle K is cobordant to the empty set.
- (b) (Poincaré duality and Euler characteristic) Show that \mathbb{RP}^2 is non-zero in Ω_2^{unor} , i.e. that there is no compact 3-manifold X with boundary $\partial X = \mathbb{RP}^2$.
Hint: Consider the double $D = X \cup_{\mathbb{RP}^2} X$. What does Poincaré duality imply about the Euler characteristic of 3-dimensional closed manifolds?
- (c) Conclude from the above that $\Omega_2^{\text{unor}} = \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$.